

SCENE 1 • NUMBER 7

Labas vakaras

Late evening in front of number 7. You stand there with one suitcase. An older woman waits on the front steps under the lamp, a big old key in her hand.

42 Words · 5 Exercises · Duration: 15 min.

Arrival

Lithuanian

Read & listen online ↗



LEARNING GOAL

I can greet an older neighbour politely and say my name.

Lena (Lukas) = ■ Ona = ○

Learning as Lukas? Use the words in brackets.

■ Labas vakaras!

○ Labas vakaras! Ar jūs nauja kaimynė (naujas kaimynas)?

■ Taip. Mano vardas Lena (Lukas).

○ Labai malonu. Aš esu Ona. Čia mano namas.

She holds out a big old key.

○ Štai jūsų raktas.

■ Ačiū!

A grey cat sits down between you and looks at the key.

■ O kas čia?

○ Čia Micius. Jis ne mano.

Micius paima raktą.

○ Miciau! Ne!

■ Mano raktas! Viso gero, rakte...

Micius pagriebia tavo naują raktą ir su juo įbėga į namą.

Vocabulary

DOING THINGS • VEIKSMAI

paimti take (take hold of)

SMALL WORDS • MAŽI ŽODŽIAI

taip yes

vardas name

čia / tai this
Čia Micius — this is Micius (literally: here, Micius).

kas who

ir / o

and

ir joins; o turns to something new: O čia Micius — and this is Micius.

ne

no

GREETINGS AND COURTESY • PASISVEIKINIMAI IR MANDAGUMAS**labas vakaras**

good evening

labai malonu

nice to meet you

štai

here is

ačiū

thank you

viso gero

goodbye

AT HOME • NAMUOSE**raktas**

key

PEOPLE AROUND YOU • ŽMONĖS APLINK**kaimynas**

neighbour

kaimynė

neighbour (a woman)

PLACES IN TOWN • VIETOS MIESTE**namas**

house / building

WHAT THINGS AND PEOPLE ARE LIKE • KOKS? KOKIA?**naujas**

new

naujas (m) · nauja (f)

LISTENING & UNDERSTANDING**L1) WHO SAYS IT**

Read the dialogue again. Who says these words? Tick the right person.

1 Labai malonu. Aš esu Ona. Čia mano namas.

- ☐ A Ona
- ☐ B Lena

L2) WHAT DOES IT MEAN

Tick the right English meaning.

1 Čia Micius. Jis ne mano.

- ☐ A Thank you!
- ☐ B This is Micius. He's not mine.
- ☐ C Nice to meet you. I'm Ona. This is my house.

L3) HOW DO YOU SAY IT

Tick the right Lithuanian sentence.

1 Good evening! Are you the new neighbour?

- ☐ A Ačiū!
- ☐ B Labas vakaras! Ar jūs nauja kaimynė?
- ☐ C Miciau! Ne!

L4) PUT THE WORDS IN ORDER

Write the words in the right order on the line.

- 1
-

L5) WHAT HAPPENS FIRST

Number the lines in the order they come in the scene.

- ☐ O kas čia?
- ☐ Labai malonu. Aš esu Ona. Čia mano namas.
- ☐ Labas vakaras! Ar jūs nauja kaimynė?
- ☐ Štai jūsų raktas.
- ☐ Mano raktas! Viso gero, rakte...

SCENE 1 • WORDS

Labas vakaras

Good evening

3 Exercises • Duration: 10 min.

Arrival

Lithuanian

Read & listen online



labas vakaras
good evening



naujas
new



kaimynas
neighbour



labai malonu
nice to meet
you



namas
house /
building



štai
here is



raktas
key



ačiū
thank you



paimti
take (take hold
of)



viso gero
goodbye



laiptai
stairs



sveiki atvykę
welcome

Words

FROM THE SCENE

labas vakaras

good evening

Labas vakaras!

naujas

new

Labas vakaras! Ar jūs nauja kaimynė?

kaimynas

neighbour

Labas vakaras! Ar jūs nauja kaimynė?

taip

yes

Taip. Mano vardas Lena.

vardas

name

Taip. Mano vardas Lena.

labai malonu

nice to meet you

Labai malonu. Aš esu Ona. Čia mano namas.

namas

house / building

Labai malonu. Aš esu Ona. Čia mano namas.

štai

here is

Štai jūsų raktas.

raktas

key

Štai jūsų raktas.

ačiū

thank you

Ačiū!

čia / tai

this

O kas čia?

kas

who

O kas čia?

ir / o

and

O kas čia?

ne

no

Miciau! Ne!

paimti

take (take hold of)

Micius paima raktą.

viso gero

goodbye

Mano raktas! Viso gero, rakte...

NEW WORDS**laiptai**

stairs

Plural.

sveiki atvykę

welcome

VOCABULARY & COMMUNICATION**W1) WHAT DOES IT MEAN?**

What does it mean?

1 vardas

- ☐ A who
- ☐ B name
- ☐ C house / building

2 naujas

- ☐ A new
- ☐ B good evening
- ☐ C thank you

3 labas vakaras

- ☐ A thank you
- ☐ B good evening
- ☐ C yes

4 kaimynas

- ☐ A neighbour
- ☐ B welcome
- ☐ C and

5 sveiki atvykę

- ☐ A neighbour
- ☐ B take (take hold of)
- ☐ C welcome

6 labai malonu

- ☐ A nice to meet you
- ☐ B thank you
- ☐ C here is

W2) AT THE FRONT DOOR

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

nauja rytas vakaras

Labas _____! Ar jūs _____ kaimynė?

Meaning: Good evening! Are you the new neighbour?

namas vardas

Taip. Mano _____ Lena.

Meaning: Yes. My name is Lena.

namas raktas malonu

Labai _____. Čia mano _____.

Meaning: Nice to meet you. This is my house.

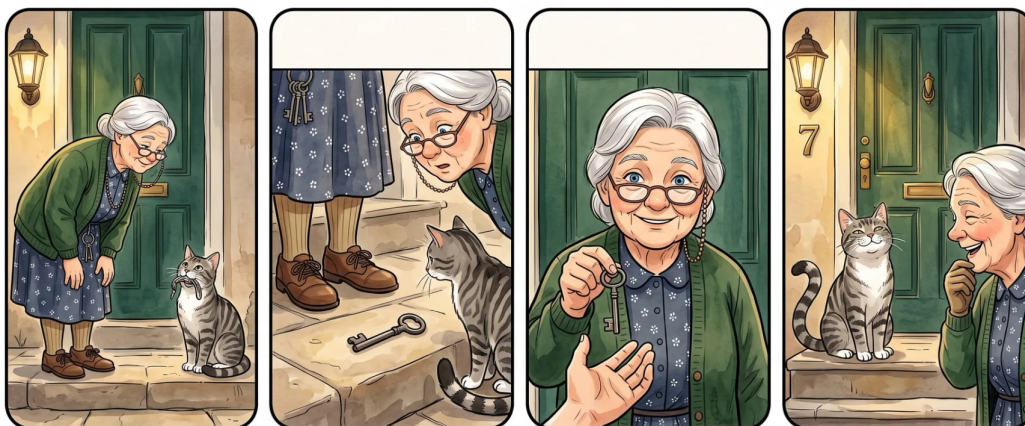
Ačiū Štai

_____jūsų raktas.

Meaning: Here is your key.

W3) GOOD EVENING, MICIUS!

Fill the speech bubbles.



raktas ne Miciau Štai Ačiū namas

Ona: Labas vakaras, _____!

Ona: Kas čia? Tai mano _____?

Ona: Ne. Tai jūsų raktas! _____.

Lena: _____! Ir ačiū, Miciau!

Meaning: 1. Good evening, Micius!

2. What's this? Is that my key?

3. No. It's your key! Here.

4. Thank you! And thank you, Micius!

SCENE 1 • GRAMMAR

Aš esu, jūs esate

Who is who, and kaimynas or kaimynė

7 Exercises · Duration: 20 min.

Arrival

Lithuanian

Read & listen online



Every Lithuanian noun is masculine or feminine, and the ending almost always tells you which. Masculine nouns end in **-as, -is, -ys** or **-us**; feminine nouns end in **-a** or **-ė**. Names work the same way: **Lukas** and **Jonas** are masculine, **Lena, Ona** and **Elzė** feminine. Tap a word in the tables to hear it.

MASCULINE AND FEMININE

Masculine	Feminine	Meaning
kaimynas	kaimynė	a neighbour (a man) a neighbour (a woman)
namas		a house
raktas		a key
vardas		a name
Lukas	Ona	
Micius	Lena	
	Elzė	

People come in pairs: **kaimynas** is a man, **kaimynė** a woman. Words that describe them, the adjectives, take the same gender: **naujas kaimynas, nauja kaimynė**. That is why Ona asks Lukas and Lena two different questions.

Ar jūs naujas kaimynas?

Are you the new neighbour? (to Lukas)

Ar jūs nauja kaimynė?

Are you the new neighbour? (to Lena)

Verbs change their ending for the person. The 1st person is the speaker (I, we), the 2nd person the one you speak to (you), and the 3rd person everyone and everything else (he, she, it, they). Each comes in the singular (one) and the plural (more than one). Here is **būti**, to be, the most important verb of all.

BŪTI, TO BE: THE PRESENT TENSE

Person	būti	With ne	Meaning
Singular			
aš	esu	nesu	I am · I am not
tu	esi	nesi	you are · you are not
jis · ji	yra	nėra	he, she, it is · is not
Plural			
mes	esame	nesame	we are · we are not
jūs	esate	nesate	you are · you are not
jie · jos	yra	nėra	they are · they are not

tu is you to a friend or a child, **jūs** to an adult or to several people. **jie** is they for men or a mixed group, **jos** for women. There is no separate word for it: a thing is **jis** or **ji**, like its noun. **Štai raktas. Jis naujas.** Here's the key. It's new.

TIP

In speech the verb is often left out: Aš Ona. I'm Ona. Čia mano namas. This is my house.

Aš esu Ona.

I am Ona.

Jūs esate nauja kaimynė (**naujas kaimynas**).

You are the new neighbour.

Čia Micius. Jis nėra mano.

This is Micius. He isn't mine.

Mes esame kaimynai.

We are neighbours.

tu or **jūs**? Both mean you. Say **tu** to a friend, a child, your family or a cat. Say **jūs** to an adult you don't know well, to older people, and to more than one person. The verb changes with it: **tu esi, jūs esate**. Ona says **jūs** to you, and you say **jūs** to her; to Micius you say **tu**.

TU OR JŪS?

	tu	jūs
To whom	a friend, a child, family, an animal	an adult you don't know well, older people, several people
You are	tu esi	jūs esate
Example	Tu esi Micius!	Ar jūs naujas kaimynas?
Meaning	You're Micius!	Are you the new neighbour?

Tu esi Micius!

You're Micius! (to the cat)

Ar jūs nauja kaimynė (**naujas kaimynas**)?

Are you the new neighbour? (Ona to you, politely)

GRAMMAR**G1) FIND THE WORDS**

Underline every form of būti, to be.

- 1 Aš esu Ona, o jūs esate nauja kaimynė.

Meaning: I'm Ona, and you are the new neighbour.

- 2 Micius nėra mano.

Meaning: Micius isn't mine.

- 3 Kas tu esi? Tu esi Micius!

Meaning: Who are you? You're Micius!

- 4 Mes esame kaimynai, ir jie yra kaimynai.

Meaning: We are neighbours, and they are neighbours.

- 5 Ne, aš nesu Elzė. Aš esu Ona.

Meaning: No, I'm not Elzė. I'm Ona.

6 Miciau, tu nesi mano!

Meaning: Micius, you aren't mine!

7 Micius ir aš? Mes nesame nauji kaimynai!

Meaning: Micius and me? We aren't new neighbours!

8 Jūs nesate nauji kaimynai, taip?

Meaning: You aren't new neighbours, are you?

G2) THE RIGHT FORM OF BŪTI

Choose the right word for the gap.

1 Aš _____ Lena.

- ☐ A esu
- ☐ B esi
- ☐ C yra

Meaning: I am Lena.

2 Ar jūs _____ nauja kaimynė?

- ☐ A esi
- ☐ B esate
- ☐ C esame

Meaning: Are you the new neighbour?

3 Ona _____ čia.

- ☐ A esate
- ☐ B esu
- ☐ C yra

Meaning: Ona is here.

4 Mes _____ kaimynai.

- ☐ A yra
- ☐ B esame
- ☐ C esate

Meaning: We are neighbours.

5 Tu _____ Micius!

- ☐ A yra
- ☐ B esi
- ☐ C esu

Meaning: You're Micius!

6 Micius _____ mano.

- ☐ A nesate
- ☐ B nesu
- ☐ C nėra

Meaning: Micius isn't mine.

7 Ne, aš _____ Elzė. Aš esu Ona.

- ☐ A nesi
- ☐ B nėra
- ☐ C nesu

Meaning: No, I'm not Elzė. I'm Ona.

8 Miciau, tu _____ mano!

- ☐ A nėra
- ☐ B nesi
- ☐ C nesu

Meaning: Micius, you aren't mine!

9 Mes _____ nauji kaimynai.

- ☐ A nėra
- ☐ B nesate
- ☐ C nesame

Meaning: We aren't new neighbours.

10 Jūs _____ nauji kaimynai, taip?

- ☐ A nesame
- ☐ B nesi
- ☐ C nesate

Meaning: You aren't new neighbours, are you?

G3) MASCULINE OR FEMININE?

Choose the form that fits the noun.

1 Jūs _____ kaimynas?

- ☐ A nauja
- ☐ B naujas

Meaning: Are you the new neighbour (a man)?

2 Jūs _____ kaimynė?

- ☐ A naujas
- ☐ B nauja

Meaning: Are you the new neighbour (a woman)?

3 Čia _____ namas.

- ☐ A nauja
- ☐ B naujas

Meaning: This is a new house.

4 Štai _____ raktas.

☐ A naujas

☐ B nauja

Meaning: Here is a new key.

5 Jis yra mano _____.

☐ A kaimynas

☐ B kaimynė

Meaning: He is my neighbour.

6 Ona yra mano _____.

☐ A kaimynas

☐ B kaimynė

Meaning: Ona is my neighbour.

7 Čia mano naujas _____.

☐ A kaimynė

☐ B namas

Meaning: This is my new house.

8 Štai jūsų naujas _____.

☐ A kaimynė

☐ B raktas

Meaning: Here is your new key.

G4) HE OR SHE?

Choose the name or word that fits.

1 Jis yra _____.

☐ A Lena

☐ B Lukas

Meaning: He is Lukas.

2 Ji yra _____.

☐ A Lukas

☐ B Lena

Meaning: She is Lena.

3 Kas ji? Ji – _____.

- ☐ A Micius
- ☐ B Lukas
- ☐ C Ona

Meaning: Who is she? She's Ona.

4 Čia _____. Jis ne mano.

- ☐ A Micius
- ☐ B Elzė

Meaning: This is Micius. He's not mine.

5 Ji yra _____.

- ☐ A Lukas
- ☐ B Elzė
- ☐ C Micius

Meaning: She is Elzė.

6 Mano _____ Ona.

- ☐ A vardas
- ☐ B namas
- ☐ C raktas

Meaning: My name is Ona.

G5) WHO IS WHO?

Match the pairs.

- | | |
|-------|----------------------------|
| ① ji | ① you (polite, or several) |
| ② jie | ② they (men, or mixed) |
| ③ jis | ③ I |
| ④ jos | ④ he (or it) |
| ⑤ mes | ⑤ she (or it) |
| ⑥ aš | ⑥ they (women) |
| ⑦ tu | ⑦ you (a friend) |
| ⑧ jūs | ⑧ we |

G6) PUT THE WORDS IN ORDER

Put the words in order.

- 1 Ona. esu Aš

Meaning: I am Ona.

- 2 Ar nauja kaimynė? jūs

Meaning: Are you the new neighbour?

- 3 ir namas mano raktas. mano Čia

Meaning: This is my house and my key.

- 4 esame Mes kaimynai.

Meaning: We are neighbours.

5 vardas Mano Lena.

Meaning: My name is Lena.

6 Ne, nesu Elzė. aš

Meaning: No, I'm not Elzė.

7 nėra mano. Micius. Čia Jis

Meaning: This is Micius. He isn't mine.

G7) THE RIGHT WORDS

Choose the right words for the situation.

1 **Someone at the door thinks Ona is the new neighbour. She tells them she isn't. Ona says:**

- ☐ A Ne, aš nėra nauja kaimynė.
- ☐ B Ne, aš nesate nauja kaimynė.
- ☐ C Ne, aš nesu nauja kaimynė.

2 An old woman at the door asks if you are the new neighbour. Say yes, and give your name. You say:

- ☐ A Taip. Mano vardas Lena.
- ☐ B Viso gero!
- ☐ C Ne. Čia mano namas.

3 The landlady hands you your key. You say:

- ☐ A Kas čia?
- ☐ B Ačiū!
- ☐ C Labas vakaras!

4 A grey cat walks in. Ask who this is. You say:

- ☐ A O kas čia?
- ☐ B Labai malonu.
- ☐ C Štai jūsų raktas.