

SCENE 8 • NUMBER 7

Dīvāns vannas istabā

Next morning. Half asleep, you open the bathroom door.

106 Words · 5 Exercises · Duration: 15 min.

The empty flat

Latvian

Read & listen online ↗



LEARNING GOAL

I can say what colour and size things are, and where they are in a room.

Lena (Lukas) = ■ Jānis = ○

Vannas istabā ir liels dzeltens dīvāns. Uz dīvāna ir sarkana lampa.

- Kas tas ir?! Dīvāns? Manā vannas istabā?
- Man nav dīvāna. Un man nav sarkanās lampas!

You go upstairs and knock. Jānis opens the door, half asleep.

■ Labrīt, Jāni. Atvainojiet...

○ Sveiki... Kas notika?

■ Vai jums ir dzeltens dīvāns?

○ Ir. Manā istabā.

He turns round and looks into his room.

○ Ak... Tā nav! Kur ir mans dīvāns?

■ Manā vannas istabā.

Jānis runs downstairs in his slippers.

In your bathroom, Jānis stares at the sofa and the red lamp, confused.

○ Mans dīvāns! Jā, tas ir mans dīvāns!

■ Un sarkanā lampa? Tā arī ir jūsu?

○ Nē. Mana lampa ir maza un zaļa.

■ Kam tad tā pieder?

○ Es nezinu.

○ Bet kā? Dīvāns ir liels, durvis ir mazas.

■ Logs arī ir mazs.

Jānis sits down on the sofa and stretches out.

○ Labi. Tagad tas ir jūsu dīvāns.

■ Mans? Bet tas ir vannas istabā!

○ Skatieties! Muris ir zem dīvāna.

Vocabulary

COLOURS

dzeltens yellow

sarkans red

zaļš green

SMALL WORDS

kam whose

AT HOME

logs window

durvis door

Latvian durvis is grammatically plural, even for one door.

HERE AND THERE

uz on

zem under

LISTENING & UNDERSTANDING**L1) WHO SAYS IT**

Read the dialogue again. Who says these words? Tick the right person.

1 Sveiki... Kas notika?

- ☐ A Lena
- ☐ B Jānis

2 Nē. Mana lampa ir maza un zaļa.

- ☐ A Lena
- ☐ B Jānis

L2) WHAT DOES IT MEAN

Tick the right English meaning.

1 Labrīt, Jāni. Atvainojiet...

- ☐ A In my bathroom.
- ☐ B My sofa! Yes, that's my sofa!
- ☐ C Good morning, Jānis. Sorry...

2 Kam tad tā pieder?

- ☐ A I don't know.
- ☐ B I do. It's in my room.
- ☐ C Then whose is it?

L3) HOW DO YOU SAY IT

Tick the right Latvian sentence.

1 Do you have a yellow sofa?

- ☐ A Nē. Mana lampa ir maza un zaļa.
- ☐ B Mans dīvāns! Jā, tas ir mans dīvāns!
- ☐ C Vai jums ir dzeltens dīvāns?

2 But how? The sofa is big, and the door is small.

- ☐ A Logs arī ir mazs.
- ☐ B Skatieties! Muris ir zem dīvāna.
- ☐ C Bet kā? Dīvāns ir liels, durvis ir mazas.

L4) PUT THE WORDS IN ORDER

Write the words in the right order on the line.

- 1 ir dīvāns? nav! Ak... Kur mans Tā

- 2 dīvāns. jūsu ir Labi. Tagad tas

L5) WHAT HAPPENS FIRST

Number the lines in the order they come in the scene.

- ☐ Kam tad tā pieder?
- ☐ Man nav dīvāna. Un man nav sarkanas lampas!
- ☐ Mans dīvāns! Jā, tas ir mans dīvāns!
- ☐ Mans? Bet tas ir vannas istabā!
- ☐ Ir. Manā istabā.

SCENE 8 • WORDS

Dīvāns vannas istabā

A sofa in the bathroom

4 Exercises • Duration: 10 min.

The empty flat

Latvian

Read & listen online



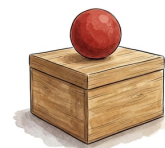
dzeltens
yellow



sarkans
red



zaļš
green



uz
on



logs
window



durvis
door



zem
under

Words

dzeltens

yellow

Vai jums ir dzeltens dīvāns?

sarkans

red

Un sarkanā lampa? Tā arī ir jūsu?

zaļš

green

Nē. Mana lampa ir maza un zaļa.

kam

whose

Kam tad tā pieder?

uz**on**

Vannas istabā ir liels dzeltens dīvāns. Uz dīvāna ir sarkana lampa.

logs**window**

Logs arī ir mazs.

durvis**door**

Bet kā? Dīvāns ir liels, durvis ir mazas.

zem**under**

Skatieties! Muris ir zem dīvāna.

VOCABULARY & COMMUNICATION

W1) WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

What does it mean?

1 logs

- ☐ A night
- ☐ B not great
- ☐ C window

2 sarkans

- ☐ A red
- ☐ B not great
- ☐ C morning

3 zaļš

- ☐ A green
- ☐ B café
- ☐ C and you?

4 durvis

- ☐ A door
- ☐ B musician
- ☐ C key

5 kam

- ☐ A coffee
- ☐ B whose
- ☐ C empty

6 uz

- ☐ A good evening
- ☐ B on
- ☐ C neighbour

W2) COMPLETE THE CONVERSATION

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

Vannas Kas Man Labrīt

_____ istabā ir liels dzeltens dīvāns. Uz dīvāna ir sarkana lampa.

Meaning: In the bathroom: a big yellow sofa. On the sofa: a red lamp.

Vannas Man Labrīt Kas

_____ tas ir?! Dīvāns? Manā vannas istabā?

Meaning: What's this?! A sofa? In my bathroom?

Labrīt Vannas Kas Man

_____ nav dīvāna. Un man nav sarkanas lampas!

Meaning: I don't have a sofa. And I don't have a red lamp!

Kas Vannas Man Labrīt

_____, Jāni. Atvainojiet...

Meaning: Good morning, Jānis. Sorry...

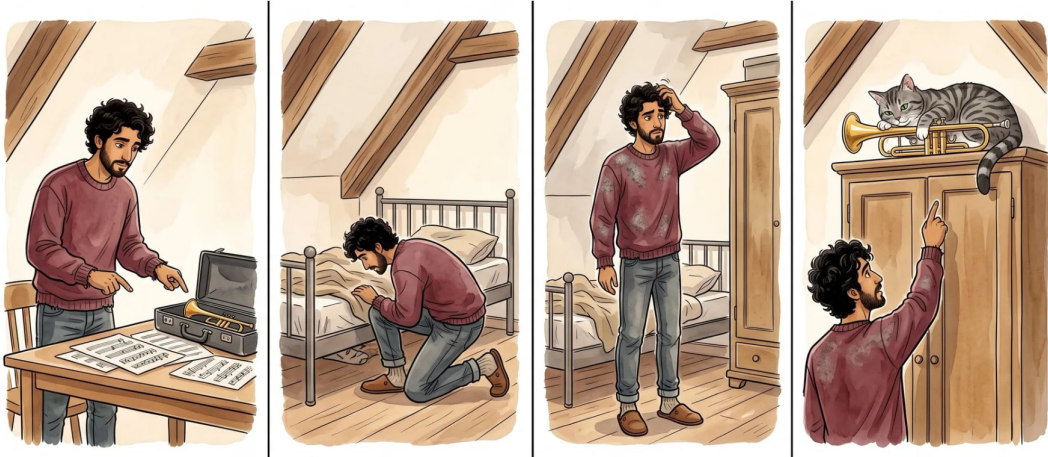
Man Vannas Kas Sveiki

_____... Kas notika?

Meaning: Hi... What's up?

W3) WHERE'S MY TRUMPET? IT ISN'T ON THE TABLE.

Fill the speech bubbles.



gultas nav skapja trompete

Jānis: Kur ir mana _____? Uz galda nav.

Lena: Varbūt zem _____?

Jānis: Nē. Zem gultas nekā _____.

Jānis: Skatieties! Muris un trompete ir uz _____!

Meaning: 1. Where's my trumpet? It isn't on the table.

2. Maybe under the bed?

3. No. There's nothing under the bed.

4. Look! Muris and the trumpet are on the wardrobe!

W4) CONNECT THE MESSAGES AND MEANINGS

Match the pairs.

- | | |
|---|--|
| ① Vannas istabā ir liels dzeltens dīvāns. Uz dīvāna ir sarkana lampa. | ⑤ In the bathroom: a big yellow sofa. On the sofa: a red lamp. |
| ② Man nav dīvāna. Un man nav sarkanās lampas! | ⑥ Good morning, Jānis. Sorry... |
| ③ Labrīt, Jāni. Atvainojiet... | ⑦ Hi... What's up? |
| ④ Kas tas ir?! Dīvāns? Manā vannas istabā? | ⑧ I don't have a sofa. And I don't have a red lamp! |
| ⑤ Sveiki... Kas notika? | ⑨ What's this?! A sofa? In my bathroom? |

SCENE 8 • GRAMMAR

Liels dīvāns, liela lampa

Colours, adjectives and whose

6 Exercises · Duration: 20 min.

The empty flat

Latvian

Read & listen online



Colours, adjectives and whose

An adjective agrees with its noun's gender, number and case. Singular nominative patterns are **liels galds, liela māja**. Accusative is **lielu galdu, lielu māju**; genitive is **liela galda, lielas mājas**; locative is **lielā galdā, lielā mājā**.

Plural nominatives are **lieli galdi, lielas mājas**. Both plural accusatives use **lielus galdus, lielas mājas**. The owner can be a name in the genitive: **Maijas galds**, Maija's table, **Jāņa dīvāns**, Jānis's sofa.

The complete basic colours are **sarkans, dzeltens, zils, zaļš, melns, balts, brūns, pelēks**. Feminine forms are **sarkana, dzeltena, zila, zaļa, melna, balta, brūna, pelēka**. More definite describing forms in the scene, such as **sarkanā lampa**, mean the particular red lamp; learn them as recognition chunks here.

Form	Example	Meaning
liels	Tas ir liels galds.	That is a big table.
liela	Tā ir liela lampa.	That is a big lamp.
lielu	Es redzu lielu galdu.	I see a big table.
lieli	Te ir lieli galdi.	There are big tables here.
lielas	Te ir lielas mājas.	There are big houses here.

Form	Example	Meaning
zaļa	Lampa ir zaļa.	The lamp is green.
jauns jauna	Es esmu jauns. Es esmu jauna.	I am new.
jauns jauna	Jūs esat jauns. Jūs esat jauna.	You are new, polite.

Tas ir liels galds.

That is a big table.

Tā ir liela lampa.

That is a big lamp.

Es redzu lielu galdu.

I see a big table.

Te ir lieli galdi.

There are big tables here.

Te ir lielas mājas.

There are big houses here.

Lampa ir zaļa.

The lamp is green.

Es esmu jauna (jauns).

I am new.

Jūs esat jauna (jauns).

You are new, polite.

GRAMMAR**G1) NOTICE THE USEFUL PATTERN**

Underline the form practised in this unit.

- 1 Tas ir liels galds.

Meaning: That is a big table.

- 2 Tā ir liela lampa.

Meaning: That is a big lamp.

- 3 Es redzu lielu galdu.

Meaning: I see a big table.

- 4 Te ir lieli galdi.

Meaning: There are big tables here.

G2) CHOOSE THE FORM

Use the English meaning and the pattern in this unit.

1 Tas ir _____ galds.

- ☐ A liela
- ☐ B liels
- ☐ C lieli

Meaning: That is a big table.

2 Tā ir _____ lampa.

- ☐ A lieli
- ☐ B liela
- ☐ C liels

Meaning: That is a big lamp.

3 Es redzu _____ galdu.

- ☐ A lielu
- ☐ B liela
- ☐ C liels

Meaning: I see a big table.

4 Te ir _____ galdi.

- ☐ A lielu
- ☐ B lieli
- ☐ C liels

Meaning: There are big tables here.

5 Te ir _____ mājas.

- ☐ A liela
- ☐ B lieli
- ☐ C lielas

Meaning: There are big houses here.

6 Lampa ir _____.

- ☐ A zaļš
- ☐ B zaļa
- ☐ C zaļi

Meaning: The lamp is green.

7 Es esmu _____.

- ☐ A jaunas
- ☐ B jauni
- ☐ C jauna

Meaning: I am new.

8 Jūs esat _____.

- ☐ A jaunas
- ☐ B jauni
- ☐ C jauna

Meaning: You are new, polite.

G3) COMPLETE THE MESSAGES

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

lielu liels

Es redzu _____ galdu.

Meaning: I see a big table.

lieli liels

Te ir _____ galdi.

Meaning: There are big tables here.

lielas liela

Te ir _____ mājas.

Meaning: There are big houses here.

zaļa zaļš

Lampa ir _____.

Meaning: The lamp is green.

jauna jauni

Es esmu _____.

Meaning: I am new.

jauna jauni

Jūs esat _____.

Meaning: You are new, polite.

G4) BUILD A SENTENCE

Put the words in order.

1

liels

Tas

ir

galds.

Meaning: That is a big table.

2 liela Tā lampa. ir

Meaning: That is a big lamp.

3 Es redzu lielu galdu.

Meaning: I see a big table.

4 lieli Te galdi. ir

Meaning: There are big tables here.

5 lielas ir Te mājas.

Meaning: There are big houses here.

6 Lampa ir zaļa.

Meaning: The lamp is green.

G5) WHAT WOULD YOU SAY?

Choose the right words for the situation.

1 That is a big table. You say:

- ☐ A Tas ir liela galds.
- ☐ B Tas ir liels galds.

2 That is a big lamp. You say:

- ☐ A Tā ir liela lampa.
- ☐ B Tā ir liels lampa.

3 I see a big table. You say:

- ☐ A Es redzu liels galdu.
- ☐ B Es redzu lielu galdu.

4 There are big tables here. You say:

- (A) Te ir liels galdi.
- (B) Te ir lieli galdi.

G6) CONNECT MESSAGES AND MEANINGS

Match the pairs.

- | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) Te ir lielas mājas. | (A) There are big houses here. |
| (2) Lampa ir zaļa. | (B) I see a big table. |
| (3) Tas ir liels galds. | (C) That is a big table. |
| (4) Es esmu jauna. | (D) I am new. |
| (5) Tā ir liela lampa. | (E) There are big tables here. |
| (6) Jūs esat jauna. | (F) The lamp is green. |
| (7) Es redzu lielu galdu. | (G) You are new, polite. |
| (8) Te ir lieli galdi. | (H) That is a big lamp. |