

Indonesian in everyday situations

Module 10: Staying

6 Exercises • Duration: 20 min.

Staying

Indonesian

Read & listen online 



Pesan kamar, termasuk, akan

Pesan kamar means book a room; **kamar untuk satu orang** is a single room and **dua orang** a double. **Untuk satu malam** states the duration.

Termasuk sarapan? asks whether breakfast is included. **Dari ... sampai ...** states a time range. **Se-** joins common units such as **semalam** one night, but plain **satu malam** is easy and natural.

Future plans use **akan**, **mau** or a future time phrase. **Mau** expresses wanting/intending, not an inflected future tense. **Kalau datang Minggu** introduces a possible plan.

Pattern	Example	Meaning
pesan	Saya mau pesan kamar.	I want to book a room.
satu	Kamar untuk satu orang.	A room for one person.
malam	Untuk satu malam.	For one night.

Pernah, sejak, pengalaman

Pernah means have ever/previously done something: **pernah bekerja di sini**. **Belum pernah** means have never done it yet. These markers describe experience without conjugating a verb.

For an ongoing state, use **sejak** with its beginning or **sudah ... tahun** with its length. A completed duration can use **selama**. **Pengalaman** means experience.

Give background in short sentences: **Saya insinyur. Saya bisa merancang furnitur**. A flat advert uses **meter persegi** and **per bulan**. Million prices combine **juta, ratus, ribu**.

Pattern	Example	Meaning
pernah	Saya pernah bekerja di Hamburg.	I have worked in Hamburg before.
belum pernah	Saya belum pernah bekerja di Jakarta.	I have never worked in Jakarta yet.
sejak	Saya bekerja di sini sejak Maret.	I have worked here since March.

Mengundang, maaf, lain kali

Say **Saya mengundang kamu makan malam** to invite. A simple **Ayo makan bersama** suggests eating together. Use **kita** when the group includes the listener.

Accept with **Ya, terima kasih. Saya datang**. Decline gently: **Maaf, saya tidak bisa**. Add a reason with **karena** or suggest **lain kali**, another time.

Tidak ada yang bisa datang means nobody can come. **Semua orang sibuk** says everyone is busy. Do not replace a clear noun negation with **tidak** or a did-not denial with **belum**.

Pattern	Example	Meaning
mengundang	Saya mengundang kalian makan malam.	I invite you all to dinner.
Maaf	Maaf, saya tidak bisa.	Sorry, I cannot.
lain kali	Mungkin lain kali?	Maybe another time?

Milik siapa, dulu, barangnya

Ownership can use the possessor after the noun: **pena Dimas**.

Milik Dimas emphasizes who owns it. Ask **Milik siapa?** or **Punya siapa?**

-nya can mean his/her/their/its, or the known thing. Make the owner clear from the story: **barang Miko**, then **barangnya**. It does not change for gender.

Dulu, waktu itu, dua kali and **sejak festival** locate events. The verb keeps its form. **Barang yang dia sayangi** uses **yang** to link a simple description to a thing.

Pattern	Example	Meaning
siapa	Kunci ini milik siapa?	Whose key is this?
Dimas	Ini pena Dimas.	This is Dimas's pen.
saya	Ini koper saya.	This is my suitcase.

Tetap di sini, karena, kalau

Announce a decision with **Saya tetap di sini** or **Saya memutuskan untuk tinggal**. Give a reason with **karena**. **Tapi** links a contrast in everyday conversation.

Past actions use a past time phrase, future plans a future phrase: **Kemarin saya menelepon. Juli kamu datang**. No gender, person or tense endings are needed.

Selamat datang welcomes someone. **Terima kasih untuk semuanya** thanks the group. **Kalau keretanya jalan** sets a condition, with the same verb form. Recycle **kami/kita** accurately when planning together.

Pattern	Example	Meaning
tetap	Saya tetap di sini.	I am staying here.
karena	Saya tinggal karena semua orang tahu nama saya.	I stay because everyone knows my name.
Kemarin	Kemarin saya menelepon.	Yesterday I phoned.

GRAMMAR

G1) NOTICE THE USEFUL PATTERN

Underline the form practised in this unit.

- 1 Saya mau pesan kamar.

Meaning: I want to book a room.

- 2 Saya pernah bekerja di Hamburg.

Meaning: I have worked in Hamburg before.

- 3 Saya mengundang kalian makan malam.

Meaning: I invite you all to dinner.

- 4 Kunci ini milik siapa?

Meaning: Whose key is this?

G2) CHOOSE THE FORM

Use the English meaning and the pattern in this unit.

- 1 Saya mau _____ kamar.

- ☐ A baca
- ☐ B pesan
- ☐ C masak

Meaning: I want to book a room.

- 2 Saya _____ bekerja di Hamburg.

- ☐ A belum pernah
- ☐ B pernah
- ☐ C akan

Meaning: I have worked in Hamburg before.

3 Saya _____ kalian makan malam.

- ☐ A menunggu
- ☐ B mengundang
- ☐ C menolak

Meaning: I invite you all to dinner.

4 Kunci ini milik _____?

- ☐ A apa
- ☐ B siapa
- ☐ C berapa

Meaning: Whose key is this?

5 Saya _____ di sini.

- ☐ A pergi
- ☐ B tetap
- ☐ C tidur

Meaning: I am staying here.

G3) COMPLETE THE MESSAGES

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

mengundang menolak

Saya _____ kalian makan malam.

Meaning: I invite you all to dinner.

siapa apa

Kunci ini milik _____?

Meaning: Whose key is this?

tetap pergi

Saya _____ di sini.

Meaning: I am staying here.

G4) BUILD A SENTENCE

Put the words in order.

- 1 mau Saya pesan kamar.

Meaning: I want to book a room.

- 2 pernah Saya Hamburg. di bekerja

Meaning: I have worked in Hamburg before.

- 3 kalian Saya mengundang makan malam.

Meaning: I invite you all to dinner.

- 4 ini Kunci milik siapa?

Meaning: Whose key is this?

5 tetap Saya sini. di

Meaning: I am staying here.

G5) WHAT WOULD YOU SAY?

Choose the right words for the situation.

1 I want to book a room. You say:

- ☐ A Saya mau baca kamar.
- ☐ B Saya mau pesan kamar.

2 I have worked in Hamburg before. You say:

- ☐ A Saya belum pernah bekerja di Hamburg.
- ☐ B Saya pernah bekerja di Hamburg.

3 I invite you all to dinner. You say:

- ☐ A Saya menolak kalian makan malam.
- ☐ B Saya mengundang kalian makan malam.

4 Whose key is this? You say:

- (A) Kunci ini milik siapa?
- (B) Kunci ini milik apa?

G6) CONNECT MESSAGES AND MEANINGS

Match the pairs.

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| (1) Saya mau pesan kamar. | (A) I have worked in Hamburg before. |
| (2) Saya mengundang kalian makan malam. | (B) I am staying here. |
| (3) Saya tetap di sini. | (C) Whose key is this? |
| (4) Saya pernah bekerja di Hamburg. | (D) I invite you all to dinner. |
| (5) Kunci ini milik siapa? | (E) I want to book a room. |