

SCENE 35 • NUMBER 7

The raincoat

Friday, the first rehearsal on the square. A storm. You come back soaked again. The yellow jacket is not a raincoat.

131 Words · 5 Exercises · Duration: 15 min.

The weather and what to wear

English

Read & listen online ↗



LEARNING GOAL

I can say why something is so, and give and accept a compliment.

Anne = ■ Lena (Lukas) = ○

- Wet again?
- There was a storm at the market. My clothes and shoes are wet.
- What about the umbrella?
- It's at the office. There was sunshine this morning.

■ And the yellow jacket?

○ Wet too. It's warm, but it is not for rain.

■ You need a raincoat.

She goes to the cupboard on the landing and comes back with an old green raincoat.

■ Wait. My raincoat. Green and old, but still good. Put it on.

○ It's dry. And warm. Thank you. How old is it?

■ Forty years. Older than you!

○ There's something in the pocket. A heavy key. It says: attic.

You read the old paper label on it.

■ Yes. Keep it.

○ Me? Why? What is upstairs?

■ You're part of number seven now. Upstairs are old things. Lots of old things.

○ Achoo! But the rehearsal is tomorrow.

■ Off to bed! You don't have to come tomorrow. Stay in bed. I'll make tea.

○ All right, Mrs Walker.

Vocabulary

DOING THINGS

put on	put on
keep	keep
lie	lie (in bed)
bring	bring

CLOTHES

raincoat	raincoat
pocket	pocket

SMALL WORDS

thing	thing
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AT HOME

attic	attic
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LIFE AND WORK

rehearsal	rehearsal
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WHAT THINGS AND PEOPLE ARE LIKE

wet	wet
dry	dry

WEATHER

storm	storm
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LISTENING & UNDERSTANDING**L1) WHO SAYS IT**

Read the dialogue again. Who says these words? Tick the right person.

1 What about the umbrella?

- ☐ A Anne
- ☐ B Lena

2 Forty years. Older than you!

- ☐ A Lena
- ☐ B Anne

L2) WHAT DOES IT MEAN

Tick the right English meaning.

1 It's at the office. There was sunshine this morning.

- ☐ A Wet again?
- ☐ B It's at the office. There was sunshine this morning.
- ☐ C Wait. My raincoat. Green and old, but still good. Put it on.

2 Yes. Keep it.

- ☐ A All right, Mrs Walker.
- ☐ B Yes. Keep it.
- ☐ C Me? Why? What is upstairs?

L3) HOW DO YOU SAY IT

Tick the right English sentence.

1 And the yellow jacket?

- ☐ A Yes. Keep it.
- ☐ B And the yellow jacket?
- ☐ C Me? Why? What is upstairs?

2 Me? Why? What is upstairs?

- ☐ A There's something in the pocket. A heavy key. It says: attic.
- ☐ B You need a raincoat.
- ☐ C Me? Why? What is upstairs?

L4) PUT THE WORDS IN ORDER

Write the words in the right order on the line.

- 1 raincoat. a need You

- 2 is the rehearsal tomorrow. Achoo! But

L5) WHAT HAPPENS FIRST

Number the lines in the order they come in the scene.

- ☐ Me? Why? What is upstairs?
- ☐ Forty years. Older than you!
- ☐ And the yellow jacket?
- ☐ What about the umbrella?
- ☐ All right, Mrs Walker.

SCENE 35 • WORDS

The raincoat

The raincoat

4 Exercises • Duration: 10 min.

The weather and what to wear

English

Read & listen online ↗

wet
wet



storm
storm



raincoat
raincoat



put on
put on



dry
dry



pocket
pocket



attic
attic



keep
keep



rehearsal
rehearsal



lie
lie (in bed)



bring
bring



button
button

Words

FROM THE SCENE

wet

wet

Wet again?

storm

storm

There was a storm at the market. My clothes and shoes are wet.

raincoat

raincoat

You need a raincoat.

put on

put on

Wait. My raincoat. Green and old, but still good. Put it on.

dry

dry

It's dry. And warm. Thank you. How old is it?

pocket

pocket

There's something in the pocket. A heavy key. It says: attic.

attic

attic

There's something in the pocket. A heavy key. It says: attic.

keep

keep

Yes. Keep it.

thing

thing

You're part of number seven now. Upstairs are old things. Lots of old things.

rehearsal

rehearsal

Achoo! But the rehearsal is tomorrow.

lie

lie (in bed)

bring

bring

NEW WORDS

button

button

This is a button.

lose

lose

I lose the key.

VOCABULARY & COMMUNICATION**W1) WHAT DOES IT MEAN?**

What does it mean?

1 storm

- ☐ A included
- ☐ B storm
- ☐ C always

2 dry

- ☐ A husband
- ☐ B tea
- ☐ C dry

3 bring

- ☐ A between
- ☐ B bring
- ☐ C keep

4 wet

- ☐ A rule
- ☐ B live
- ☐ C wet

5 rehearsal

- ☐ A rehearsal
- ☐ B leave
- ☐ C cook (make food)

6 button

- ☐ A button
- ☐ B Thursday
- ☐ C fish

W2) COMPLETE THE CONVERSATION

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

office Wet What yellow

_____ about the umbrella?

Meaning: What about the umbrella?

yellow What Wet office

It's at the _____. There was sunshine this morning.

Meaning: It's at the office. There was sunshine this morning.

office yellow Wet What

And the _____ jacket?

Meaning: And the yellow jacket?

office yellow What Wet

_____ too. It's warm, but it is not for rain.

Meaning: Wet too. It's warm, but it is not for rain.

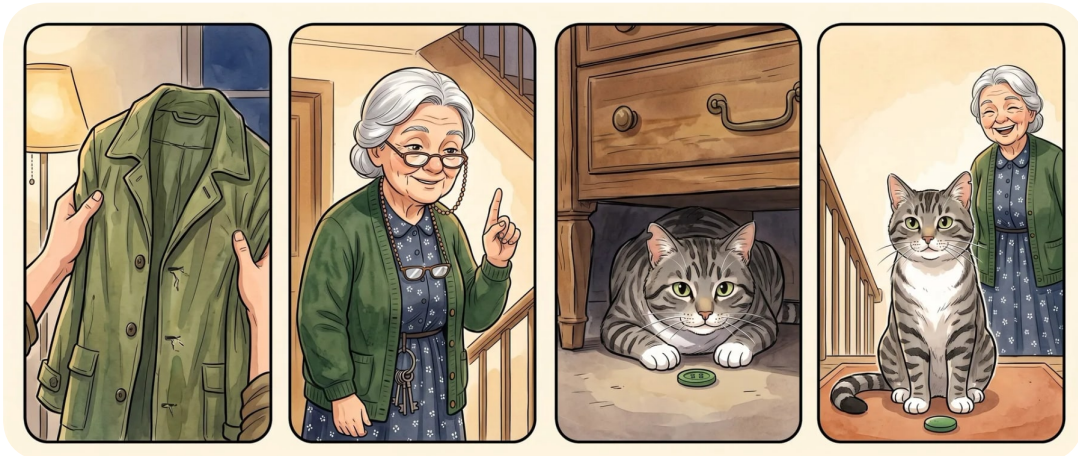
yellow office What need

You _____ a raincoat.

Meaning: You need a raincoat.

W3) MRS WALKER, THE RAINCOAT'S DRY. BUT A BUTTON'S MISSING.

Fill the speech bubbles.



button Milo Mrs Keep

Lena: _____ Walker, the raincoat's dry. But a button's missing.

Anne: A _____? I know who's got it.

Anne: _____! That isn't yours!

Lena: _____ it, Milo. But only one!

Meaning: 1. Mrs Walker, the raincoat's dry. But a button's missing.

2. A button? I know who's got it.

3. Milo! That isn't yours!

4. Keep it, Milo. But only one!

W4) COMPLETE THE CONVERSATION

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

Wet office What yellow

_____ about the umbrella?

Meaning: What about the umbrella?

yellow office Wet What

It's at the _____. There was sunshine this morning.

Meaning: It's at the office. There was sunshine this morning.

Wet yellow office What

And the _____ jacket?

Meaning: And the yellow jacket?

yellow Wet office What

_____ too. It's warm, but it is not for rain.

Meaning: Wet too. It's warm, but it is not for rain.

need office yellow What

You _____ a raincoat.

Meaning: You need a raincoat.

SCENE 35 • GRAMMAR

this one, that one, which

Choosing and avoiding repeated nouns

6 Exercises · Duration: 20 min.

The weather and what to wear

English

Read & listen online 

Choosing and avoiding repeated nouns

Use **this/that** for one item and **these/those** for several. Add **one** or **ones** when the noun is understood: **this one, those ones**. A clear phrase such as **the yellow one** avoids repeating jacket.

Which asks for a choice: **Which one do you want?** A question about a preference can use **prefer**: **I prefer this one**. Keep **do/does** and the base verb in a question.

But connects a contrast: **This one is warm, but that one is dry**. Use the same singular or plural demonstrative whatever the object is.

Form	Example	Meaning
this	I'd like this one.	Choose one item near you.
those	I'd like those ones.	Choose several items further away.
Which	Which one do you want?	Ask the listener to choose from available items.
one	I prefer the yellow one.	Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.
but	This is warm, but that is dry.	Connect two contrasting descriptions.
want	Which one does she want?	Keep the base verb after does.

I'd like this one.

Choose one item near you.

I'd like those ones.

Choose several items further away.

Which one do you want?

Ask the listener to choose from available items.

I prefer the yellow one.

Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.

This is warm, but that is dry.

Connect two contrasting descriptions.

Which one does she want?

Keep the base verb after does.

GRAMMAR

G1) NOTICE THE PATTERNS

Underline the form described in this unit.

1 I'd like this one.

Meaning: Choose one item near you.

2 I'd like those ones.

Meaning: Choose several items further away.

3 Which one do you want?

Meaning: Ask the listener to choose from available items.

4 I prefer the yellow one.

Meaning: Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.

5 This is warm, but that is dry.

Meaning: Connect two contrasting descriptions.

6 Which one does she want?

Meaning: Keep the base verb after does.

G2) CHOOSE THE FORM

Choose the right word for the gap.

1 I'd like _____ one.

- ☐ A these
- ☐ B those
- ☐ C this

Meaning: Choose one item near you.

2 I'd like _____ ones.

- ☐ A those
- ☐ B this
- ☐ C that

Meaning: Choose several items further away.

3 _____ one do you want?

- ☐ A Which
- ☐ B How much
- ☐ C Who

Meaning: Ask the listener to choose from available items.

4 I prefer the yellow _____.

- ☐ A ones
- ☐ B one
- ☐ C it's

Meaning: Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.

5 This is warm, _____ that is dry.

- ☐ A because
- ☐ B without
- ☐ C but

Meaning: Connect two contrasting descriptions.

6 Which one does she _____?

- ☐ A want
- ☐ B wanting
- ☐ C wants

Meaning: Keep the base verb after does.

G3) COMPLETE A SHORT MESSAGE

Fill the gaps with the words from the box.

these this

I'd like _____ one.

Meaning: Choose one item near you.

that those

I'd like _____ ones.

Meaning: Choose several items further away.

Who Which

_____ one do you want?

Meaning: Ask the listener to choose from available items.

ones one

I prefer the yellow _____.

Meaning: Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.

because but

This is warm, _____ that is dry.

Meaning: Connect two contrasting descriptions.

wants want

Which one does she _____?

Meaning: Keep the base verb after does.

G4) BUILD USEFUL SENTENCES

Put the words in order.

1 like I'd this one.

Meaning: Choose one item near you.

2 those I'd like ones.

Meaning: Choose several items further away.

3 want? you do one Which

Meaning: Ask the listener to choose from available items.

4 prefer the I one. yellow

Meaning: Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.

- 5 but is that is This warm, dry.

Meaning: Connect two contrasting descriptions.

- 6 one does she Which want?

Meaning: Keep the base verb after does.

G5) WHAT WOULD YOU SAY?

Choose the right words for the situation.

1 Choose one item near you. You say:

- ☐ A I'd like this one.
- ☐ B I'd like these one.

2 Choose several items further away. You say:

- ☐ A I'd like those ones.
- ☐ B I'd like that ones.

3 Ask the listener to choose from available items. You say:

- (A) Which one do you want?
- (B) Who one do you want?

4 Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket. You say:

- (A) I prefer the yellow ones.
- (B) I prefer the yellow one.

G6) CONNECT MESSAGES AND MEANINGS

Match the pairs.

- | | |
|------------------------------|---|
| (1) Which one do you want? | (A) Connect two contrasting descriptions. |
| (2) Which one does she want? | (B) Choose one item near you. |
| (3) I'd like this one. | (C) Choose several items further away. |
| (4) I prefer the yellow one. | (D) Keep the base verb after does. |

- ⑤ This is warm, but that is dry.
- ⑥ I'd like those ones.
- ⑦ Avoid repeating the singular noun jacket.
- ⑧ Ask the listener to choose from available items.